

# VOCABULARY REVIEW CARD

## SOLIDARITY

### 1- VOCABULARY (About 50 words)

MOT FRANÇAIS / ENGLISH WORD	<b>the elderly</b> : les personnes âgées
<b>the welfare state</b> / l'Etat-providence	<b>the health-care system</b> : le système de santé
<b>welfare</b> / l'aide sociale	<b>health spending</b> / les dépenses de santé
<b>welfare rights welfare entitlements, welfare payments</b> / les allocations sociales	<b>life expectancy</b> / l'espérance de vie
<b>a welfare worker, a social worker</b> / une assistance sociale	<b>to live to be a hundred</b> / vivre jusqu'à cent ans
<b>to be entitled to sth</b> / avoir droit à qch	<b>to be on welfare</b> / toucher des prestations sociales
<b>social justice</b> / la justice sociale	<b>welfare scroungers</b> / les assistés
<b>benefit, allowance</b> / allocation, prestation sociale	<b>welfare dependency</b> / l'artisanat
<b>unemployment, child/ housing benefit</b> / allocation chômage, familiale, logement	<b>a benefit cheat</b> / un fraudeur abusant du système d'allocation
<b>social benefit</b> / les acquis sociaux	<b>benefit fraud</b> / la fraude aux allocations
<b>to claim benefits</b> / demander des prestations sociales	<b>a freeloader</b> / un profiteur
<b>a benefit claimant</b> / un demandeur de prestations sociales	<b>a relief worker</b> / un travailleur humanitaire
<b>health instruction scheme</b> / l'assurance maladie	<b>to hand out</b> / distribuer
<b>health coverage</b> / la couverture médicale	<b>to endow</b> / doter OU fonder
<b>universal health coverage</b> / la CMU	<b>an endowment</b> / dotation OU foundation
<b>means-tested</b> / soumis(e) à des conditions de revenu	<b>to support, to back an initiative</b> / soutenir une initiative
<b>to be on the dole</b> / recevoir des allocations chômage	<b>financial backing</b> / soutien financier
<b>the pension system</b> / le système de retraite	<b>a foundation</b> / une fondation
<b>to receive a pension</b> / toucher une retraite	<b>estate tax</b> / les droits de succession
<b>a retiree, an OAP (old age pensioner)</b> / un retraité	<b>a tax break</b> / une réduction d'impôts
<b>retired people</b> / les retraités	<b>a tax credit</b> / un crédit d'impôts
<b>a pension fund</b> / une pension de retraite	<b>to pledge</b> / promettre
<b>ageing</b> / vieillissant	<b>selfish</b> / égoïste

## 2- ESSENTIAL NOTES AND EXPRESSIONS

**Compassion fatigue** is “the idea that we get **so much human suffering** thrust in our faces **every day** from the media that we’ve become sort of numbed, we’ve used up all our reserves of pity, anger, outrage...” according to **David Lodge**’s novel *Therapy*.

**The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees** (UNHCR) is a **UN agency** whose role is to support refugees and assist in their repatriation, local integration or resettlement in a third country.

The phrase **social security** is a **partial faux-amis** because it refers to “**welfare**” generally that is to say money that is paid not only to people who are ill, but also to the elderly, the unemployed... while the **French** phrase only refers to **the health-care system**. In the **USA**, **Social Security** is the name given to the **government-sponsored pension system**.

**Philanthropy** is a long-standing American tradition dating back to the early days of settlement when the first colonists had to build everything – roads, schools, hospitals – from scratch on a voluntary basis. The most famous philanthropist in the 19<sup>th</sup> century was probably **Andrew Carnegie**, a penniless Scottish emigrant who went on to become a fabulous wealthy industrialist. He gave away most of his money to establish libraries, schools and universities in the **US** and the **UK**.

## 3- TRANSLATION REMARKS (3 from French to English, 3 from English to French)

A proverb says that “charity begins at home”.

→ Le proverbe dit que « charité bien ordonnée commence par soi-même ».

Today’s philanthropists **are much more willing** to get directly involved in the projects they **fund**.

→ Les philanthropes d’aujourd’hui **sont bien plus prêts** à s’impliquer directement dans les projets qu’ils financent.

Aid to poor countries includes the **rescheduling** of their debts **to** rich ones.

→ L’aide aux pays pauvres comprend le **rééchelonnement** de leur dette **envers** les pays riches.

Pour faire face aux **incertitudes** de l’avenir, doit-on **compter sur soi** seulement ou sur la charité de nos **concitoyens** ?

→ To face the **uncertainties** of the future, should we **rely on ourselves** only or our **fellow-citizens**?

Il ne faut pas oublier que **ce sont** les contribuables **qui** financent le système de santé.

→ One should keep in mind that taxpayers **are the ones who** finance the health system.

Ce que l’on appelle « la malédiction de l’aide », c’est le fait que souvent les dirigeants **corrompus des pays** qui la **reçoivent** s’approprient cette aide.

→ The so-called “aid curse” is the fact that often the **corrupt** rulers of **recipient countries** appropriate this aid.